

## C1QBP Human

**Description:** C1QBP Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 210 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 23.9 kDa.

**Catalog #:** PRPS-643

**Synonyms:** p32, HABP1, gC1Qr, GC1QBP, SF2p32, gC1Q-R, Complement component 1 Q subcomponent-binding protein mitochondrial, Glycoprotein gC1qBP, C1qBP, GC1q-R protein, Hyaluronan-binding protein 1, Mitochondrial matrix protein p32, p33, C1QBP.

For research use only.

**Source:** Escherichia Coli.

**Physical Appearance:** Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

**Amino Acid Sequence:** MLHTDGDKAF VDFLSDEIKE ERKIQKHKTL PKMSGGWELE  
LNGTEAKLVR KVAGEKITVT FNINNSIPPT FDGEEEPSQG QKVVEEQEPEL TSTPNFVVEV  
IKNDDGKKAL VLDCHYPEDE VGQEDEAESD IFSIREVSFQ STGESEWKDT NYTLNTDSDL  
WALYDHLMDF LADRGVDNTF ADELVELSTA LEHQEYITFL EDLKSFVKSQ.

**Purity:** Greater than 95.0% as determined by: (a) Analysis by RP-HPLC. (b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

**Formulation:**

The C1QBP protein solution contains 20mM Tris-HCl pH7.5, 20% glycerol and 1mM DTT.

**Stability:**

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

**Usage:**

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

**Introduction:**

C1QBP having the accession number of NP\_001203 binds to the globular "heads" of c1q thus inhibiting c1 activation. C1QBP interacts with a wide range of ligands and is implicated in cell signaling. C1QBP associates with C1r and C1s in order to yield the first component of the serum complement system. C1QBP protein has been identified as the p32 subunit of pre-mRNA splicing factor SF2, as well as a hyaluronic acid-binding protein. C1QBP is a new marker of tumor cells and tumor-associated macrophages/myeloid cells in hypoxic/metabolically deprived areas of tumors. Mitochondrial C1QBP is a critical mediator of p14ARF-induced apoptosis. C1QBP functions as a chemotactic factor for immature dendritic cells, and migration is mediated through ligation of both C1QBP and cC1qR/CR. C1QBP overexpression successfully blocks mRNA accumulation from the adenovirus major late transcription unit (MLTU) and stimulates RNA polymerase II carboxy-terminal domain phosphorylation in virus-infected cells. C1QBP binds with Hepacivirus core protein on CD8+ and CD4+ positive t-cells and inactivates Ick and akt.

**To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).**