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HDAC9

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications:WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Calculated MW:111kDa

Observed MW:Refer to Figures

Immunogen:

A synthetic peptide of human HDAC9

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol,

pH7.3.

Concentration:

fp

Synonym:

HDAC9;DKFZp779K1053;HD7;HD7b;HD9;HDAC;HDAC7;HDAC7B;

HDAC9B;HDAC9FL;HDRP;KIAA0744;MITR;

Background:

In the intact cell, DNA closely associates with histones and other nuclear proteins to form chromatin. The remodeling of chromatin is a critical component of transcriptional regulation and the acetylation of nucleosomal histones is a major source of this remodeling. Acetylation of lysine residues in the amino terminal tail domain of histone results in an allosteric change in the nucleosomal conformation and an increased accessibility to transcription factors by DNA. Several mammalian proteins function as nuclear histone acetylases, including GCN5, PCAF (p300/CBP-associated factor), p300/CBP, HAT1 and the TFIID subunit TAF II p250. Conversely, the deacetylation of histones is associated with transcriptional silencing. The histone deacetylases (HDAC) include HDAC19. HDAC9 and HDAC9a are two alternatively spliced isoforms of HDAC9. HDAC9a is 132 amino acids shorter than HDAC9, but both isoforms contain the HDAC catalytic domain, remain capable of deacetylase activity and repress myoctye enhancer-binding factor 2-mediated transcription. HDAC9 and HDAC9a are expressed in brain, skeletal muscle, kidney, placenta and pancreas.

To place an order, please Click HERE.

Catalog #:A1516

Antibody Type:

Polyclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID:9734

Isotype:IgG

Swiss Prot:Q9UKV0

Purity: Affinity purification

For research use only.





