

## IDH1

**Reactivity:** Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:** WB IHC IF IP CHIP

**Recommended Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:50 - 1:200 IF 1:50 - 1:200 IP 1:50 - 1:200

ChIP 1:20 - 1:100

**Calculated MW:** 47kDa

**Observed MW:** Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

Recombinant protein of human IDH1

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Concentration:**

1 mg/ml

**Synonym:**

IDCD; IDH; IDP; IDPC; PICD;

**Catalog #:** A2169

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:** Rabbit

**Gene ID:** 3417

**Isotype:** IgG

**Swiss Prot:** O75874

**Purity:** Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

IDH1 is one of three isocitrate dehydrogenases that catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to -ketoglutarate (-KG). These enzymes exist in two distinct subclasses that utilize either NAD or NADP<sup>+</sup> respectively, as an electron acceptor (1). IDH1 is the NADP<sup>+</sup>-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. IDH2 and 3 are mitochondrial enzymes that also function in the Krebs cycle. IDH1 is inactivated by phosphorylation at Ser113 and contains a clasp-like domain wherein both polypeptide chains in the dimer interlock (2,3). IDH1 is expressed in a wide range of species and also in organisms that lack a complete citric acid cycle. Recently, an inactivating mutation of IDH1 has been implicated in glioblastoma (4). IDH1 appears to function as a tumor suppressor that, when mutationally inactivated, contributes to tumorigenesis in part through induction of the HIF-1 pathway (5).

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