

## MAPKBP1

**Reactivity:** Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:** WB IHC

**Recommended Dilution:** WB 1:200 - 1:500 IHC 1:50 - 1:100

**Calculated MW:** 109kDa, 164kDa

**Observed MW:** Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

A synthetic peptide of human MAPKBP1

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Synonym:**

JNKBP-1; MGC138851; MGC138852;

**Catalog #:** A2626

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:** Rabbit

**Gene ID:** 23005

**Isotype:** IgG

**Swiss Prot:** O60336

**Purity:** Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

MAP kinases play a significant role in many biological processes, including cell adhesion and spreading, cell differentiation and apoptosis. MAPKBP-1 (mitogen-activated protein kinase binding protein 1), also known as JNKBP-1, is a 1,514 amino acid protein that contains twelve WD repeats. Induced by TRAF2 (TNF receptor-associated factor 2) and Tak1 (TGF- $\beta$ -activated kinase 1), MAPKBP-1 is thought to act as an adaptor protein for NF- $\kappa$ B (nuclear factor -B) activation. MAPKBP-1 interacts with JNK3 and may promote TRAF2 polyubiquitination. MAPKBP-1 exists as six alternatively spliced variants and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 15. Human chromosome 15 houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

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