

## ADSL

**Reactivity:** Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:** WB IHC IF

**Recommended Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:50 - 1:200 IF 1:10 - 1:100

**Calculated MW:** 54kDa

**Observed MW:** Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

Recombinant protein of human ADSL

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Synonym:**

ASL; AMPS; ASASE;

**Catalog #:** A6278

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:** Rabbit

**Gene ID:** 158

**Isotype:** IgG

**Swiss Prot:** P30566

**Purity:** Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

Adenylosuccinate lyase is involved in both de novo synthesis of purines and formation of adenosine monophosphate from inosine monophosphate. It catalyzes two reactions in AMP biosynthesis: the removal of a fumarate from succinylaminoimidazole carboxamide (SAICA) ribotide to give aminoimidazole carboxamide ribotide (AICA) and removal of fumarate from adenylosuccinate to give AMP. Adenylosuccinase deficiency results in succinylpurinemic autism, psychomotor retardation, and, in some cases, growth retardation associated with muscle wasting and epilepsy. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

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