

## Phospho-GRIN2B-Y1474

**Reactivity:** Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:** WB IF

**Recommended Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IF 1:100 - 1:200

**Calculated MW:** 190kDa

**Observed MW:** Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

A phospho specific peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Y1474 of human GRIN2B

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Concentration:**

g

**Synonym:**

MRD6; NR2B; hNR3; GluN2B; NMDAR2B;

**Catalog #:** AP0357

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:** Rabbit

**Gene ID:** 2904

**Isotype:** IgG

**Swiss Prot:** Q13224

**Purity:** Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA receptor channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of three different subunits: NR1 (GRIN1), NR2 (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C, or GRIN2D) and NR3 (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). The NR2 subunit acts as the agonist binding site for glutamate. This receptor is the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptor in the mammalian brain.

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