

## GPD1L Human

**Description:** GPD1L Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 371 amino acids (1-351 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 40.6kDa. GPD1L is fused to a 20 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

**Catalog #:** ENPS-178

For research use only.

**Synonyms:** Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 1-like protein, GPD1-L, GPD1L, KIAA0089.

**Source:** Escherichia Coli.

**Physical Appearance:** Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

**Amino Acid Sequence:** MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MAAAPLKVCI VGSGNWGSAV  
AKIIGNNVKK LQFASTVKM WVFEETVNGR KLTDIINNDH ENVKYLPGHK LPENVVAMSN  
LSEAVQDADL LVFVIPHQFI HRICDEITGR VPKKALGITL IKGIDEGPEG LKLISDIIRE  
KMGIDISVLM GANIANEVAA EKFCETTIGS KVMENGLLFK ELLQTPNFRI TVVDDADTVE  
LCGALKNIVA VG

**Purity:** Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

**Formulation:**

GPD1L protein solution (1mg/ml) containing 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0), 20% glycerol and 1mM DTT.

**Stability:**

HSD17B14 should be stored desiccated below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Usage:**

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

**Introduction:**

Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 1-like protein (GPD1L) converts sn-glycerol 3-phosphate to glycerone phosphate. GPD1L is found in the cytoplasm, associated with the plasma membrane, where it binds the sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha subunit (SCN5A). Mutations in the GPD1L gene are the cause of SIDS (sudden infant death syndrome) and Brugada syndrome type 2 (an autosomal dominant tachyarrhythmia).

**To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).**